

Georgia: A Dangerous Outlier in Death Penalty & Intellectual Disability Law

Finding your legislators in the Georgia General Assembly

Find your Legislators by entering your address at https://pluralpolicy.com/find-your-legislator/. If a bill reaches the floor of either chamber (House or Senate) for a vote, your legislator will vote. For this reason, it's important your legislators knows that you support important changes to death penalty disability law in Georgia!

House Judiciary Non-Civil Committee Members

The House Judiciary Non-Civil Committee in the Georgia General Assembly is responsible for reviewing most proposed legislation impacting the criminal legal system in the House. Click each name to visit the official representative webpage. Once there is a proposed bill, contact these legislators even if *your* legislator isn't on the committee. If your representative *is* on the committee, make sure to let them know that you are their constituent.

Name	District	Position
Tyler Paul Smith	18th	Chairman
<u>Deborah Silcox</u>	53rd	Vice Chairman
Clint Crowe	118th	Secretary
Mandi Ballinger	23rd	Member
James Burchett	176th	Member, Majority Whip
Charlice Byrd	20th	Member
Sharon Cooper	45th	Member
Chuck Efstration	104th	Member, Majority Leader
Barry Fleming	125th	Member
Joseph Gullett	19th	Member
Stan Gunter	8th	Ex-Officio
Soo Hong	103rd	Member, Subcommittee Chair
Dar'shun Kendrick	95th	Member
Rob Leverett	123rd	Member, Subcomittee Chair
Tanya F. Miller	62nd	Member
Farooq Mughal	105th	Member
Yasmin Neal	79th	Member
Matt Reeves	99th	Member
Shea Roberts	52nd	Member
Steven Sainz	180th	Member



Senate Judiciary Committee Members

The Senate Judiciary Committee in the Georgia General Assembly is responsible for reviewing most proposed legislation impacting the criminal legal system in the House. Click each name to visit the official representative webpage. Once there is a proposed bill, contact these legislators even if *your* legislator isn't on the committee. If your representative *is* on the committee, make sure to let them know that you are their constituent.

Name	District	Position
Brian Strickland	17th	Chairman
Bill Cowsert	46th	Vice Chairman
Mike Hodges	3rd	Secretary
Steve Gooch	51st	Ex-Officio
Bo Hatchett	50th	Member
Harold Jones II	22nd	Member
John F. Kennedy	18th	Member

For more information or if you would like to make a Capitol visit with SCHR, please contact James Woodall (jwoodall@schr.org).



Sample Email or Letter to Legislators

It is important that your legislators know how you feel about intellectual disability and the death penalty. Writing to them is one way to make a concrete impact. Below is a sample letter that you should edit to suit your unique voice.

Dear State Representative (if House)/Senator (if Senate) [Insert Last Name],

My name is [Insert Your Name] and I am a Georgia voter from District [insert here].

I am writing you to ask that you support changes to Georgia's process and standard for proving intellectual disability to in death penalty cases.

Intellectual disability (ID) is a cognitive disability that lasts for a person's lifetime. The onset of the disability occurs during childhood and is characterized by significant limitations in both intellectual functioning and adaptive behavior.

In 2002, the United States Supreme Court ruled in *Atkins v. Virginia* that executing people with ID violates the Eighth Amendment's protection against cruel and unusual punishment. Additionally, the Court said that a diagnosis of ID, regardless of severity, categorically excludes defendants with ID from execution.

Despite this ruling, Georgia is the only state in the country that forces people to prove ID beyond a reasonable doubt to avoid execution. It is also the only state that asks the jury to simultaneously decide guilt and ID. Not one person facing the death penalty has ever met the standard, which means that Georgians with ID are at risk for execution.

This process and standard create an extremely challenging legal obstacle, and Georgia is an outlier in requiring it. No defendant in Georgia has ever been able to prove intellectual disability beyond a reasonable doubt to avoid execution. Georgia allows the execution of people with intellectual disability because the burden of proof is too high and the determination process is too prejudicial.

Lowering the standard of proof and separating the determination of ID from the guilt-phase of trial is the only way to ensure that Georgia is in line with the *Atkins* decision.

[State any additional reasons you support this change here. Include a personal story related to this issue if you have one you are comfortable sharing]

Please get Georgia back on the right side of history and in line with the rest of the country and support reforming the way we treat intellectually disabled people facing the death penalty.

Sincerely,

[Insert Your Name]
[Insert Your Contact Information]